KOTZEE / KOTZÉ
FAMILY of
WINBURG

This research is dedicated to Denise Pelteret (née Kotzé), my wife and our mother, on the occasion of the 50th anniversary of her birth.
There is a dignity to history; and when we are gone, history is all that is left. History is about people, not only the biographies of great men, but of those innumerable ordinary folk without whom the great would be nothing.

W S Gilbert wrote: “I can trace my ancestry back to a protoplasmal primordial atomic globule. Consequently, my family pride is something in-conceivable”. With the defining of the human genome, what was spoken as jest is becoming a reality. To what degree we are products of our environment or creations of our genetic make-up currently we can only speculate on. What seems certain is that both influence our behaviour more than we would care to admit.

Genealogy is not only the study of pedigrees, it is an understanding of ourselves. An understanding of those people that contributed to our physical structure, to our psycho-social behaviour and to our spiritual dimension. It is a summation of people and of families, and a distillation of a society.

So, here presented is a catalogue of the people that have contributed to the background of Denise Kotzé.

“Our revels are now ended. These our actors As I foretold you, were all spirits and Are melted into air, into thin air: And like the baseless fabric of this vision.

“We are such stuff As dreams are made on, and our little life Is rounded with sleep”. 
INDEX

- KOTZEE / KOTZÉ Family origins
- Winburg, Orange Free State, South Africa
- The detailed line of the family Victor Serrurier Kotzee (Kotzé) of Winburg
- Wills and inheritances
- Farms and the family Kotzee (Kotzé) of Winburg
- Oranje Vrij Staat Kotzee (Kotzé) family and the South African Anglo-Boer War 1899-1902
- Winburg Kotzee’s and the Brandfort Camp for Women
- Erasmus family
- Marais family
- Appendix
  1. Dirk Jacobus Kotzé line
  2. Petrus Jacobus and Hester Susanna Kotzee(Kotzé) lines
  3. Oosthuýzen family
  4. van Mameren and Boomsluiter families - separate document
  5. Oertel family - separate document
  6. Claassens family
  7. Obituary of Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé
  8. Serrurier and Berrangé families - separate documents
  9. Biography of Victor Serrurier Kotzé
- Archival material on Winburg
- Bibliography

© 2008. Dr R M Pelteret. All rights reserved. www.pelteret.co.za

Those interested in viewing the original KOTZEE / KOTZÉ website should "click" on the link at the bottom of the introductory page of this site.
The First record of the Kotze family is dated the year 1234. In the century that followed, a Hermann Kotze attained the privilege of knighthood and became the owner of valuable estates inclusive of the fortified castle at Ammendorf. By the fifteenth century, his grandson, Hans Kotze, was possessed of huge tracts of land; was lord of several manors and seignories, including the castle of Gross Germersleben, near Magdeburg. This he acquired in the year 1489 and it became the chief seat of the head of the house of Kotze.

The representatives of this family occupied various positions of trust and importance, mostly in the military profession, as befitted the gentlemen of those days. We read of no less than four sons of another Hans Kotze, a descendant of the Hans above-mentioned, valiantly fighting under Conde against Alva in France and the Netherlands and eventually falling on the field of honour in 1567-8. The family is first well documented when living in Saxony.

The name of Kotze is not derived from any place or locality; and this may explain, as the "Urkunden Regesten" suggests, why the preposition "von" was not at first prefixed to the family name.

Until the early part of the 18th century, the name was written without the preposition "von" ["Urkunden Regesten der Herren v Kotze", Magdenburg, 1866: 1-2].

The name Kotze(e) appears to be a contraction or abbreviation of KOTSASSE, that is "a small brother".

The original signification of the word "Kotze" is a woollen covering such as a blanket or an overcoat or covering mantle. Hence the shield of the family coat of arms contains the full figure of a man, dressed in a long black woollen coat.

The coat of arms bears a man with arms outstretched (in silver) in official attire. On the helmet carries a sitting Greyhound. The motto is "Fortiter en Fideliter".

A member of this family, Jan Kotze of Königstein, Saxony, settled at Buyksloot near Amsterdam, where he was a burgher and merchant. He is the Founding Father of the Kotzee family in South Africa.

He was married four times, variously to:
§ Catharina Henneke (1677)
§ Anna Wichman
§ Hillegonda Boone (1690)
§ Henrina van Hoeting, 16 January 1704

On the 1st January, 1690 he married Hillegonda Boone (b 23 November 1662 d 22 August 1702), daughter of Dirk Boone, minister of the Church at Rotterdam, and of Beletje van Galen, sister to the famous Dutch admiral, Jan van Galen, who destroyed an English squadron in 1653 off Livorno. Some time after this marriage, Jan Kotze left with his wife for the Cape in the ship "Pampas", and reached Table Bay on the 13th May, 1691. In the following year their son Dirk was born.

Jan Kotze went back to Europe in 1698, settled his affairs and returned to the Cape in 1701. In August of the following year his
wife died, and in January, 1704, he remarried, his second wife being Hendrika van Hoeting. Out of this marriage two sons, Hendrik and Jan, were born.

This second marriage of Jan Kotze in January, 1704, is recorded as the first marriage that took place in the newly built and first Dutch Church in Adderley Street, Cape Town, to become known later when re-built simply as “Die Grote Kerk”.

The family line of Victor Serrurier Kotzé was to disperse slowly from Winburg, Orange Free State from the 1970’s onwards, having arrived in Winburg over generations via the Swartland (Stellenbosch), Graaff-Reinet, Colesberg, Pauresmith, Smaldeel (Theunissen) and thence Winburg. They had lived in the Winburg district for approximately 150 years. Before the South African Anglo-Boer War (1898-1902), they appear to have been quite affluent farmers both when considering their own estates and those of their near relatives, the Erasmus Family.

Thus far, it is not clear as to the activities of Johannes Albertus Kotzee (V S Kotzé’s grandfather) during the South African Anglo-Boer War (1898-1902) that it is likely that he was “on commando”. Various cousins Erasmus are known to have participated in the fighting on the side of the Oranje Vrij Staat Commandos. However, only Lourens Daniel Erasmus (a younger brother of J A Kotzee’s wife, Johanna Aletta Erasmus) received as acknowledgement of his influential membership of the Winburg Commando, the Dekoratie voor Trouwe Dienst – DTD. I suspect that a number of family members had died by the time the DTD, the Oranje Vrijstaat Oorlogsmedalje and Lint voor Verwonding opgegaan gedurende de Anglo-Boeroorlog was promulgated (21st December 1920), and that the rest didn't bother or, less likely (but, as was the case with many people), were unaware of the existence of the decorations.

Lourens Daniel Erasmus fought under General C R de Wet and was considered extremely courageous. Gerhardus Cornelius Erasmus was less so, being nicknamed “Kommandovoël”, being shrill of voice and talkative by temperament.

In researching the family Kotzee (Kotzé), the importance of the family Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus (Death Notice 2.777) of “Allermanskraal” (and several other farms) and the effects of the South African War (1899-1902) on the family fortunes cannot be over emphasised.

There were forty (40) first-and second-generation descendants resulting from his marriage. One of his daughters, Johanna Aletta Kotzee (néé Erasmus) married J A Kotzee. With S J P Erasmus’s death, a substantial estate was distributed amongst an extensive family.

From the perspective of this historical research, this had several consequences:

1) The descendants alive at the time of his death were catalogued in the estate. This assisted in building up the Erasmus, and through them, the Kotzee, family trees.

2) In order to legally claim on the estate, it became important that the deaths which took place during the Anglo-Boer War be officially acknowledged through registration. This was accomplished in a dogged fashion over a great many years, firstly by J A Kotzee, and later by S J P Kotzé, his son. Over this period, we see the spelling of the family name change from Kotzee (used for two centuries) to Kotzé.

3) Further, following devastating losses in human life through disease and famine and the immense and systematic destruction of fixed property and livestock, draconian taxes and an often petty,
certainly inefficient, bureaucracy complicated people’s lives and impeded the rehabilitation of rural Afrikaans and Black communities. All these aspects are perceived in the history of the Kotzees of Winburg.

**Gerhardus Petrus Kotzee** originally of Graaff-Reinet was the founding father of several branches of the Kotzé family found in the Hoopstad and Winburg districts. Married to Hester Sophia Nieman(d), he settled on “Kareeboomfontein” in about 1840 and died there in 1875. The couple produced 14 children, most being born in Colesberg.

His sixth son, **Pieter Jacobus Kotzee**, born in Colesberg, married a Sara Johanna Louw (Ockert) of Fauresmith. He was given as living on “Kareeboomfontein” in 1901 when he was interned in the Brandfort Camp for Women, together with other family members (his younger female children – the siblings of J A Kotzee, and some of his grandchildren – the children of J A Kotzee).

Prior to the 7 October 1901, **Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé** had seen his mother buried on the 6 May 1900 “the day the British arrived” (they first took occupation on the 3 May 1900). This tragic event was to be followed by the death of four (4) of his siblings between October 1900 and December 1901.

One of the greatest difficulties experienced in this research has been related to **Johannes Albertus Kotzee**, married to J A Erasmus and father of S J P Kotzé. The State Archives Cape Town, Bloemfontein, Pretoria and the self-same Master’s Offices, thus far have found no records whatsoever of his existence except for documents relating to an insolvent estate. They may well have been destroyed, for after 10 years this is routine in some centres in the case of “rehabilitated insolvents”. So, despite our knowing that he ran a guest house in Ficksburg, died in 1937 and that his grave is in the Memorium Cemetery, Bloemfontein, no death notice has been unearthed as yet.

One’s intuition suggests that J A Kotzee was a spendthrift or maladroit at managing money; and as a result serial difficulties arose around the settling of the estates of his mother (of whose estate he was executor), father (from whose estate he was excluded, but from which he raised loans), grandfather (Erasmus, from whose estate he was excluded together with a cousin, Solomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus) and his daughters (who died during the war intestate).

The tales of him as warm. He is described as “an adventurer”, as being remembered “walking about the farm (Taaibosch) in black suit with collar and tie and magnifying glasses making ‘discoveries’ as he went”; as “taking part in various mineral schemes”; as having “discovered the Free State Goldfields”; as having detected a “diamond-bearing fissure on Taaibosch, near the homestead” – the probable origin of some of the diamonds in the possession of the family to this day.

And what of the family name? The spelling of the family name changes from Kotzee as reflected last in 1912 (in the document Master of the Supreme Court re: Johannes Albertus Kotzee) to finally Kotzé in 1916 (in the hand of Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé).
WINBURG, ORANGE FREE STATE, SOUTH AFRICA

Winburg was the first town established by the Voortrekkers ("pioneers") in the Oranje Vrij Staat (later Orange River Colony, Orange Free State and Free State), and the second after Philippolis in the province. In 1935, Andries Hendrik Potgieter (a well-to-do farmer from the Tarka and Colesberg areas of the Cape of Good Hope), and a group of eleven settlers, was ceded the rights to a strip of land between the Vet and Vaal Rivers by Makwana, a local black African chief of the BaTuang people, in exchange for protection from the maTabele and 42 head of cattle.

The site for a town was chosen in 1842 and named Winburg (originally Wenburg or “victory town”) thus enshrining in history a reminder of the prolonged argument that was enjoined with regard to the most appropriate position for the new town. The site nominated by the losers to this day is called Mompeling (“muttering”).

Before 1843 Winburg formed part of the Republic of Natalia (Port Natal, Pietermaritzburg, Potchefstroom, Winburg); and no documents of the landrost (“magistrate”) of Winburg prior to that date are known to exist, archival record sequences existing from 1848 onwards. The oldest baptismal, church membership and marriage registers of Winburg are dated 1842 and are housed in Bloemfontein. In 1843, Natal was annexed to the Cape of Good Hope. In 1846, the governor of the Cape appointed a British Resident to look after “the interests” of the trekboers; and in February 1848, Sir Harry Smith annexed the entire region between the Orange and Vaal Rivers under the British Crown as the Orange River Sovereignty. The Free State was recognised as independent, sovereign territory by the British in 1854 and it remained thus until the Second Anglo-Boer War. All documents covering the period of British rule resided in the Cape Archives until 1927 when they were transferred to the Free State.

Winburg is a classic Free State town. It lies 110 kilometres north of Bloemfontein, surrounded by low hills and plains of golden, highveld grassland and Acacia species. A large central square is dominated by a Dutch Reformed Church, a town hall, stores, an hotel and offices. Much of the architecture is classical and dates from the early 20th century. A synagogue, Masonic and regimental halls, Roman Catholic and Methodist churches, an open-air market, orphanage (estab.1902) and the town’s residences are built along tree-lined roads which radiate from the town square.

Sites of historical interest include the Dutch Reformed Church designed by John H Till (1898) with a cornerstone laid by the then President of the Oranje Vrij Staat, M T Steyn (1899), and built by van Rundle, Row and Marshall for about £21,000 (it was only completed in 1904 as a consequence of the South African War 1899-1902 which intervened); a Voortrekker graveyard in Brand Street; a South African War graveyard on the south-western outskirts of the dorpe (“town”) and a Voortrekker Monument (built 1968) to the south.

As with so many dorps in rural South Africa, the development of a National highway network which by-passed the town brought with it a slow but steady decline in the commercial fortunes of its citizens. To-day, a once proud and vibrant capital of the province, though still a magisterial district and regional agricultural centre, is but a shadow of its former self.
FAMILY KOTZEE (KOTZé) of WINBURG

1. Johann (Jan) Kotze b 25 January 1654 d c.1713
§ Catharina Henneke in 1677
§ Anna Wichman
§ Hillekonda Boone (b 23 November 1662 d 22 August 1702), 1 January 1690 in the Netherlands
§ Henrina van Hoeting, 16 January 1704

1. Johann (Jan) Kotze b 25 January 1654 d c.1713 m Hillekonda Boone (b 23 November 1662 d 22 August 1702), 1 January 1690

1.1 Christiaan
1.2 Dirk Kotzee b 28 (18) August 1692 bapt 28 August 1692 d 14 September 1768 m 13 January 1726 Maria Magdalena Carstens (d 8 November 1755)
1.3 Jan ~ 6 September 1705
1.4 Jacob ~ 19 September 1706
1.5 Hendrik ~ 1709
1.6 Jan 1 February 1711
1.7 Maria ~ 1 February 1711
1.8 Roelof ~ 11 December 1712

1.2 Dirk Kotzee b 28 (18) August 1692 bapt 28 August 1692 d 14 September 1768 m 13 January 1726 Maria Magdalena Carstens (d 8 November 1755)

1.2.1 Johannes ~ 17 November 1726 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 422 HSRC)
1.2.2 Dirk Jacobus ~ 31 October 1728 (see footnote)
1.2.3 Christina ~ 8 October 1730 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 433 HSRC)
1.2.4 Louis Kotzee bapt. 14 September 1732 m Johanna Catharina Pienaar (b 6 June 1760) (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 433 HSRC)
1.2.5 Jan Jurgen ~ 7 September 1734
1.2.6 Catharina Hillekonda ~ 2 December 1736
1.2.7 Maria Magdalena ~ 12 July 1739
1.2.8 Johanna Elizabeth ~ 17 September 1741
1.2.9 Hendrick Nicholaas ~ 6 October 1773
1.2.10 Hillekonda ~ 5 December 1745
1.2.11 Francina Helena ~ 7 January 1748
1.2.12 Frederik Gideon ~ 14 September 1749
1.2.13 Belia b. 23 December 1751
1.2.14 Belia b 15 March 1754

1.2.4 Louis Kotzee Kotzee bapt. 14 September 1732 m Johanna Catharina Pienaar (b 6 June 1760) (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 433 HSRC)
1.2.4.1 **Gerhardus Dirk Kotzee** ~ 23 August 1761
1.2.4.2 Jacobus Ernst ~ 12 February 1764
1.2.4.3 Louis ~ 3 November 1765
1.2.4.4 Petrus Daniel 1 November 1767
1.2.4.5 Johannes Jurgen ~ 19 February 1769
1.2.4.6 Abel Daniel ~ 1 April 1770
1.2.4.7 Maria Hillelgonda b 14 June 1772
1.2.4.8 Hendrick Christiaan ~ 25 December 1773
1.2.4.9 Alida Susanna ~ 8 May 1776
1.2.4.10 Dirk Gideon ~ 17 May 1778
1.2.4.11 Petrus Johannes ~ 15 April 1781 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 436 HSRC)

1.2.4.1 **Gerhardus Dirk Kotzee** bapt. 23 August 1761 (first) m Emmerentia Frederika Potgieter 28 December 1783

1.2.4.1.1 Catharina Susanna ~ 16 October 1785
1.2.4.1.2 Jacobus Johannes Jurgen ~ 27 January 1788
1.2.4.1.3 Louis ~ 15 April 1789
1.2.4.1.4 Clara Isabella ~ 8 July 1790 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 434 HSRC)
1.2.4.1.5 Johannes Jurgen ~ 29 August 1792
1.2.4.1.6 Cornelia Petronella ~ 27 June 1794
1.2.4.1.7 Emerentia Frederika b 6 December 1795
1.2.4.1.8 Hendrick Christiaan ~ 26 November 1797
1.2.4.1.9 Maria Magdalina b 21 November 1797
1.2.4.1.10 **Gerhardus Petrus Kotzee** ~ 28 April 1799 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 434 HSRC)
1.2.4.1.11 Martha Hester ~ 18 November 1801
1.2.4.1.12 Alida Susanna ~ 18 September 1802 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 435 HSRC)
1.2.4.1.13 Philippus b 3 February 1804
1.2.4.1.14 Abel Hermanus ~ 2 November 1805

1.2.4.1 **Gerhardus Dirk Kotzee** bapt. 23 August 1761 (second) m Engela Maria Erasmus, Graaff-Reinet 22 October 1809 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 433 HSRC)

1.2.4.1.15 Philip Rasmus Petrus b 23 May 1814
1.2.4.1.16 Abel Jacobus b 7 March 1817

1.2.4.1.10 **Gerhardus Petrus Kotzee** ~ Graaff-Reinet 28 April 1877 d "Kareeboomfontein", Winburg 1 July 1875 (first) m Martha Maria Pienaar (b Tulbach 28 August 1805; do. Abel Jacobus Pienaar & Martha Jacomina van Zyl), Cradock, 7 November 1824
1.2.4.1.10 **Gerhardus Petrus Kotzee** bapt. Graaff-Reinet 28 April 1877 d "Kareeboomfontein", Winburg 1 July 1875 (second) m Hester Sophia Nieman(d), Graaff-Reinet, 5 June 1836 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 434 HSRC)

1.2.4.1.10.1 Rentia Frederika b Colesberg 6 October 1828
1.2.4.1.10.2 Gerhardus Petrus b Colesberg 28 April 1829
1.2.4.1.10.3 Abel Jacobus b/~ Colesberg 24 October 1831 d/b "Groothoek" dist. Hoopstad b 25 June 1904 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 434 HSRC) m Winburg 28 September 1851 Anna Maria Magdalena Pretorius (b 7 May 1834 d 21 September 1908 "Rietkuil", Wesselbrom dist. Hoopstad)
1.2.4.1.10.4 Hester Sophia (Sovya) b 22 June 1834
1.2.4.1.10.5 Anna Maria b 1 March 1836
1.2.4.1.10.6 Pieter Jacobus Kotzee b 27 March 1837 (ref: SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 435 HSRC)
1.2.4.1.10.7 Sara Johanna b 12 June 1838 d 12 August 1870 Winburg
1.2.4.1.10.8 Renita (Rense) Frederika b Colesberg 15 March 1840 d 27 September 1901
1.2.4.1.10.9 Sophia Magdalena
1.2.4.1.10.10 Jacobus b 3 April 1843
1.2.4.1.10.11 Catharina Magdalena
1.2.4.1.10.12 Adriaan b Colesberg 29 March 1846
1.2.4.1.10.13 Hester
1.2.4.1.10.14 Gideon Charlie Petrus b Bloemfontein 9 February 1851

1.2.4.1.10.6 Pieter Jacobus Kotzee b 27 March 1837 bapt. Colesberg 7 May 1837 d 9 October 1904 K1405 m in Fauresmith, 4 June 1860, Sara Jonanna Louw (do. Ockert Johannes Albertus Louw and Sarah Johanna Nieman) L887 (b 23 January 1844 d Smaldeel, 24 March 1901). (ref: Free State Archives; SA Genealogies Heese/Lombaard 1992: 435 HSRC). In 1901, were of “Kareeboomfontein”, Smaldeel in the district Winburg.

1.2.4.1.10.6.1 Sarah Johannes Kotzee m N J Enslin
1.2.4.1.10.6.2 Johannes Albertus Louw Kotzee (signature “Kotzee”) b about 1864 d Bloemfontein June 1937 m Johanna Aletta Erasmus b November 1868 d 6 May 1900

Johannes Albertus Louw Kotzee d June 1937. He lived at 12 Levy Street, Bloemfontein. He was buried 19 June 1937 in the Bloemfontein Memorium Cemetery, Block T, grave No. 72. There is no headstone and no further details in the register.

1.2.4.1.10.6.3 Hester Sophia Kotzee m J A Louw of “Kleinkommetjesfontein”, P.O. Springfontein
1.2.4.1.10.6.4 Jacobus Gideon Kotzee
1.2.4.1.10.6.5 Johanna Magdalena Kotzee
1.2.4.1.10.6.6 Emma Jeanetta Kotzee
1.2.4.1.10.6.7 Gert J. Kotzee
1.2.4.1.10.6.8 Petrus Jacobus Kotzee (minor)

1.2.4.1.10.6.2 Johannes Albertus Louw Kotzee (signature “Kotzee”) b about 1864 d June 1937 (first) m Winburg 16 June 1891 Johanna Aletta Erasmus (b November 1868 d 6 May 1900, of “Bultpan” No.336 district of Hopetown and of erf.91, Winburg E379 )

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1 Petrus Jacobus Kotzee (Kotzé) b 3 August 1892 bapt 2 October 1892 d 3 January 1988
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2 Hester Susanna Kotzee b 27 November 1893 ~ 17 December 1893, Winburg d....
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.3 Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé (signatures “Kotzé”) b 20 April 1895 d 17 July 1947
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.4 Sarah Johanna Kotzee b 1896 d 14 December 1901 K1670
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.5 Johanna Aletta Kotzee b “Taaibosch” June 1899 d “Erf 91, Winburg” 25 December 1901 K1669
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.6 Johannes Albertus Kotzé b April 1900 d 17 November 1900 (registered 5 May 1916) K1855
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.7 Gert Cornelis Kotzé b April 1900 d 16 October 1900 (registered 5 May 1916) K1856
1.2.4.1.10.6.2 Johannes Albertus Louw Kotzee (signature “Kotzee”) b about 1864 d June 1937 (second) m 2 December 1902 .......... du Preez (of Ficksburg)

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.8 Elaine Kotzee m Andries van Wyk
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.9 Sarah m Sassie Joubert

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.3 Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé, b 20 April 1895 d 17 July 1947 (leukaemia) m Stella Hermina Serrurier (b 15 March 1893 d 27 May 1984). Wife a schoolteacher in Winburg ex Aliwal North. Her mother was a S F Serrurier

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.3.1 Yvonne Serrurier Kotzé, b 14 January 1924 d 28 January 1985 m “Jack” Ferreira

Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzee (Kotzé)

Yvonne Serrurier Ferreira né Kotzé
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.3.2 Victor Serrurier Kotzé, b 25 January 1926 d 8 November 1991 (CA Prostate) m Jenneke Marié Marais (b 15 January 1924 d 3 April 1996), 24 September 1949
The wedding of Victor Serrurier Kotzé and Jenneke Marié Marais

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.2.1 Denise Kotzé, b 9 April 1951 (first) m Warwick Llewellyn Evans (b 21 October 1950) 1 March 1975. No offspring.

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.2.1 Denise Kotzé, b 9 April 1951 (second) m Robin Morgan Pelteret (b 13 October 1948 bapt 12 December 1948) 3 May 1980
   - Marc Arthur Pelteret b 9 April 1983
   - Jean-Paul Victor Pelteret b 5 October 1984
   - Eugene Robin Pelteret b 27 April 1987

Denise Pelteret is a general practitioner in Cape Town, South Africa

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.2.2 Gavin Salmon Kotzé, b 19 April 1952 m Hendrina Johanna Badenhorst (b 2 September 1952), 3 September 1972
   - 1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.2.2.1 Vanessa b 17 September 1980
In paging through a Family Bible, I discovered a note that I made on information that I obtained from my father concerning the Kotzé family- I thought that the note was irretrievably lost but lo and behold! The following interesting facts are contained in this note.

1. My grandfather’s full names were Johannes Albertus Louw Kotzé (I did not know about the Louw name).

2. As you know he was married to Hester Susanna Kotzé (born Erasmus) and of this marriage the following children were born –
   - Petrus Jacobus Kotzé (born 3 August 1892) - my father
   - Salomon Petrus Jacobus Kotzé (your wife’s grandfather)
   - Hester Susanna Kotzé
   - Sarah Kotzé (she died in a British concentration camp)
   - Johanna Kotzé (she died in a British concentration camp)
   - Paul Kotzé and Steyn Kotzé (twins, who both died soon after birth)

3. Johannes Albertus Louw Kotzé (my grandfather) had the following brothers and sisters:
   - Geri Kotzé
   - Botes Kotzé
   - Koos Kotzé
   - Cornelius Kotzé
   - Hester Kotzé
   - Louw Kotzé
   - Salie en Enslin Kotzé

4. My great-grandfather was Pieter Jacobus Kotzé and his father was Adriaan Kotzé. He had a brother by the name of Abel Kotzé Abel Kotzé had a son, Louis Kotzé who was, amongst other things, an official in the employ of the civil service of the Orange Free State. My father repeatedly said that Louis Kotzé at some stage was the secretary (of state) but I could find no trace of this

Dr P J Kotzé
29 August 2002
WILLS and INHERITANCES

Sara Johanna Louw (do. Ockert Johannes Albertus Louw and Sarah Johanna Nieman) born 23 January 1844 d Smaldeel 24 March 1901. The executor was her son, Johannes Albertus Kotzee. An inventory of the joint estate showed ownership of a portion of erf 60, Winburg at £75, cash £114, “Kareeboomfontein” (sold to Martinus van Rooyen) £3000, promissory note of £26, with liabilities of £980. The residuum of £1069 was divided between the surviving spouse and eight children. However, the authorities discovered that 480 sheep and goats had been sold to a Mr W Holland in September 1901 for an undeclared £123.17.6 (later reduced to £85). All the sheep and goats were subsequently confiscated and/or destroyed by the British troops, but the £85 was still accrued (through a supplementary liquidation account) to the estate. “Certain claims for compensation were made up and handed in” and, if successful, were intended to be incorporated in a further liquidation account.

Pieter Jacobus Kotzee born 27 March 1837 bapt. Colesberg 7 May 1837 d 9 October 1904. Will written at “Kareeboomfontein” and lodged a month prior to his death, 6 September 1904. He left ¼ of his estate to Jacobus Gidion Kotzee and ¾ to Petrus Jacobus Kotzee (thus excluding his son, Johannes Albertus Kotzee), with David Gerhardus Roux, Justice of the Peace, Winburg, as executor testamentary and guardian of Petrus Jacobus Kotzee (minor) “to be properly educated and brought up in a Christian manner”. The estate constituted erf. 60, Winburg (sold to a R V Acton) at £95 and live stock etc. totalling £351 less minor liabilities. An error of £1 detected by the Master of the High Court in the drawing up the final liquidation account was borne by the executor (stating “…….. I would prefer to bear the loss thereof to redrawing the Liquidation Account”). This estate could only be settled finally in 1906/7 once the final liquidation account of Sara Jonanna Kotzee (neé Louw) was agreed to by the Master of the High Court.

The overwhelming impression gained from the various papers is one of bureaucratic incompetence and pettiness to the point of vindictiveness by the new British administration.

Johanna Aletta Kotzee (neé Erasmus) was born at Uitenhage in 1868 and died in the childbirth of her twins on 6 May 1900 E 379. She was sworn as dead on 24 September 1900 by J A Kotzee (husband). They were married in community of property and drew a joint will dated 28 December 1891. Written in the meticulous and educated hand of Johannes Albertus Kotzee, it listed “Afgunspan” in the district Winburg as their only possession. Later, on her death, the inventory of her estate listed the undivided portion of “Bultpan” No.336 district of Hopetown at £8000 and some livestock at £83 as their joint property. Officially, at that time they were living on erf.91, Winburg, then owned by S J P Erasmus E 771.

When she died, Petrus Jacobus Kotzee and his Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé were on “Allermanskraal” (the home of SJP Erasmus, their grandfather). They walked from there to Winburg to attend their mother’s funeral, PJK carrying SJPK, then 6 years old, the last 5 kilometers. Later, the homestead at “Allermanskraal” was to be destroyed by the British and the family moved to Winburg.
On 1 February 1901, S J P Erasmus died. The Joint Will and Testament of Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus (E.771) and Hester Susanna Erasmus (neé Oosthuÿhuizen) was drawn up in English on 4 May 1898. The details in the main are:

Allermanskraal No.46 left in equal part to Gert Cornelius Erasmus and Lourens Daniel Erasmus; each of whom have to pay £200 to Susanna Salomina Vermaak (neé Erasmus) (deceased) and Cornelia Elizabeth Rudman (neé Erasmus).

Taaibosch No.43 left in value to Johanna Aletta Kotzee (neé Erasmus) and Hester Susanna Petronella Erasmus (E.848).

Ventersrust No.735 left to Hester Magdalena Potgieter (neé Erasmus).

Mainreef No.842 left to Solomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus who “may not sell, exchange, give or in anyway alienate or mortgage” and upon his death will transfer it to his natural children.

Lekkerlewen No.423 left to Abel Hermanus Christiaan Erasmus and Johannes Martinus Andries Erasmus; each of whom have to pay £300 to Susanna Salomina Vermaak (neé Erasmus) (deceased) and Cornella Elizabeth Rudman (neé Erasmus).

# with life-long usufruct on the farms to the surviving spouse and maintaining the full ownership of the estate and giving expression to full power of the Will only after the death of the last surviving

# with the survivor paying for the studies (in Theology) of Johannes Hermanus Erasmus out of the moveable portion of the estate and, in the case of Allermanskraal, Lekkerlewen, Taaibosch and Ventersrust, the farms may be sold to strangers provided that they have been offered first to members of the family at market-related value an, in turn, declined

Erf No.91, in the town of Winburg bequeathed to each other mutually.

The value placed on the Estate was £10786.14.9. The first liquidation account was published on 14 August 1903, followed by one for £235.1.6 on 29 January 1906. The First Liquidation and Distribution Account is dated 9 January 1903; the final, the 29 January 1906.

This will was to cause great distress within the immediate and extended family. This related to a number of issues:

1. certain male beneficiaries had to find considerable sums of money to pay out female beneficiaries. Those that were left land with a responsibility for providing the cash to be disbursed experienced great hardship in an attempt to retain (as they were obliged to) the land; and clearly this led to disharmony. There was an insistence by beneficiaries in having land surveyed and subdivided, or neighbours in having lands fenced. In the absence of sufficient liquid assets, over two decades, these matters were referred repeatedly to the High Court of the Orange River Colony in Bloemfontein for resolution.

2. it was not viable to hold certain lands either in whole or subdivided, and permission had to be sought from the High Court to sell them - contrary to the terms of the will.

3. the manner in which monies and/or properties were managed and distributed on the death of certain named beneficiaries of the original will of E.771 led to dispute and, once again, a flight to law for a decision. This added to the sizable financial burden.

4. in the end, the considerable wealth of E.771 was essentially dissipated, being divided into almost trivial bequests of ever decreasing amounts.

With respect to these issues, the Kotzee family was not immune.
Johanna Aletta Kotzee K1669 death certificate was sworn on 4 July 1911 by J A Kotzee (father). She died intestate. She received one-fifth undivided portion of “Taaibosch” No.43 formerly owned by Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus E771. Life-long usufruct passed to Hester Susanna Erasmus (née Oosthuuyhuizen).

Sarah Johanna Kotzee K1670 death certificate was sworn on 4 July 1911 by J A Kotzee (father). She died intestate. She received one-fifth undivided portion of “Taaibosch” No.43 formerly owned by Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus E771. Life-long usufruct passed to Hester Susanna Erasmus (née Oosthuuyhuizen).

Johannes Albertus Kotzé K1855 died 17 November 1900. Sworn as dead on 5 May 1916 by S J P Kotze (brother). Here is found the first spelling of name as Kotzé. This child predeceased E771. There appears to have been no distribution from E771 in favour of this child and, through him, J A Kotzee (father).

Gert Cornelis Kotzé K1856 died 16 October 1900. Sworn as dead on 5 May 1916 by S J P Kotze (brother). The first spelling of name as Kotzé. This child predeceased E771. There appears to have been no previous distribution from E771 in favour of this child and, through him, J A Kotzee (father).

In July 1909, Gordon Fraser and Mc.Hardy of Bloemfontein “are instructed” (by whom, not stated; but it was the Erasmus Family) to seek a ruling from the Master of the Supreme Court with regard to whether it was correct that J A Kotzee (spouse and father), at that time living with his “new” family at “Vrijheid” : P O Klippan, in the district Hopetown, had inherited a two part share of “Taaibosch” from his children K1669 & K1770 who were not mentioned in E771 and themselves died intestate after E771.

In 16 May 1911, Gordon Fraser and Mc.Hardy of Bloemfontein make application for the surrender of the Insolvent Estate of J A Kotzee K81. Sole assets quoted were the inheritances from Johanna Aletta Kotzee K1669 and Sarah Johanna Kotzee K1670. It was filed 8 November 1912. Outcome unknown.

Another (undated) document exists showing monies were recovered from K1670 and (father) Johannes Albertus Kotze. The outcome was payment of £77 to three survivors, brothers and sister.

Petrus Jacobus Kotzee applied for his inheritance ito. E771, E848, E379, K1669, K1670 on 7 August 1913 (age 21 yrs). (signatures “ Kotzee ”)

Hester Susanna Kotzé applied for her inheritance on 4 February 1915 (age 22 yrs). For the first time, the signature on the document reflects the spelling of the family name as being “ Kotzé “. (signatures “ Kotzé ”)

Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé b 20 April 1895 claimed his portion of this estate in 1916. It was granted once it was certified that his mother, aunt and four siblings were dead E379; E848; K1669; K1670; K1836; K1855). Here again, the signatures on the documents reflect the spelling of the family name as being “ Kotzé “.

Portions of “Taaibosch”, which had been “retrieved” for the minor children by the legal action of the Erasmus Family, were inherited by each of Petrus Jacobus Kotzee, Hester Susanna Kotzé (150 morgen) and Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé (“Idalia” of 150 morgen). PJK later bought out his siblings. Until they reach majority, the Erasmus’s took full responsibility for these three children, RJK and SJPK being raised by their uncles Daan, Gert and Jan; and HSK by her redoubtable and greatly revered grandmother.

The deaths of Johanna Aletta Kotzee (née Erasmus) E379 and Hester Susanna Petronella Erasmus E848, each of whom possessed their own property and inherited further from E771 added to this confusion.

I suspect that the action was brought against Johannes Albertus Kotzee (JAK : the father) through the Orphan Chamber by the Erasmus Family or one (or all) of the three surviving children, namely Petrus Jacobus Kotzee (Kotzé) (RJK); then 17
yrs), Hester Susanna Kotzee (then 16 yrs), Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé (SJPK: then 14 yrs), who were the only children mentioned in the death certificate of S J P Erasmus (SJPE) E771 and thus possibly thought to be the only ones alive on the date of his death, 1 February 1901. However, the girls, K1669 and K1670 were in the Brandfort camp as was PJK and SJPK. The death dates of K1669 and K1670 post-date that of E771 so one should think that, in terms of the wording of the will of SJPE E771, they should have inherited together with their surviving siblings and, through them (dying as they did intestate), their father. It appears highly improbable that JAK, on enquiry of the Master of the High Court or the Orphan Chamber, misrepresented the dates of death on the certificates dated 4 July 1911 as the same death date for K1670 appears in the Brandfort camp register written in the same hand as the original family entry in the register. Thus, recovering monies from JAK, and, in the process, declaring him insolvent, would appear to have been an unfortunate decision.
INFORMATION RELATING TO FARMS MENTIONED IN VARIOUS DOCUMENTS IN RELATION TO THE FAMILY KOTZEE (KOTZé) OF WINBURG ~

including present day landmarks, registration numbers and magisterial districts

Death place of Gerhardus Petrus Kotzé
Address of Jacobus Kotzee when put in Brandfort Camp
- Kareeboomfontein No.8 (later No.261) district Winburg (1350 morgen)

To-day, Kareeboomfontein No.196 district Winburg (MR1)(MR2) and diminished in size.

In the Estate of Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus (E.771)
First distribution 9 January 1903; final and last 29 January 1906.
- Allermanskraal No. 46 district Winburg (3095 morgen)

Allermanskraal No.46 district Winburg (MR2) today forms the western sector of the Willem Pretorius National Park, that sector that lies west north and south of the dam Allermanskraal Dam wall (built 1960).

- Lekkerlewen No. 560 district Winburg (2900 morgen). Inherited half by Abel Hermanus Christiaan Erasmus and half by Johannes Marthinus Andries Erasmus E 381 (died 19 February 1900 in Laager Gen. Cronje, Battle of Paardenberg) and wife Catharina Elizabeth Erasmus (néé Oosthuÿhuizen) O.310, both of Erf 186, Ventersburg

Lekkerlewen No.3 district Ventersberg (MR2). Its consolidation with Ventersrust and Mainreef formed a sizable continuum.

- Mainreef No. 842 district Winburg (750 morgen). Inherited by Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus, to be passed on to his six children. An application to the Supreme Court dated 9 April 1907 asks for this bequest to be waived and permission granted for a sale as the property is “useless” and “without water”.

Mainreef No.376 district Ventersburg (MR2). Inherited by Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus, to be passed on to his six children. A application to the Supreme Court dated 9 April 1907 asks for this bequest to be waived and permission granted for a sale as the property as “useless” and “without water”, for the Orphan Chamber to hold the money until a better property could be identified for purchase. From MR2 it is evident that the viability of running this farm diminished immensely once access to the Rietspruit was denied by its separation from Ventersrust

- Taaibosch No.43 district Winburg (1650 morgen)

To-day, Taaibosch No.43 district Winburg, now broken into Nos. 43, 1691 and Désirée 1653 (MR2) and originally continuous with Allermanskraal to the east. Diamond-bearing reef present.

- Ventersrust No. 735 district Winburg (550 morgen) later owned by Jacobus Nicholas Potgietor (sic) (husband of Hester
Magdaline Erasmus) who agreed to sell this with Mainreef to make a viable purchase for a future owner.

Ventersrust No.325 district Ventersberg, later farmed by Jacobus Nicholas Potgieter (sic), husband of Hester Magdaline Erasmus and who, together with his mother-in-law Hester Susanna Erasmus (née Oosthuysen) who had life-long usufruct on the farm, agreed to sell this with Mainreef to make a viable purchase for a future owner.

Owned by J J van den Bergh, neighbour Kleinfontein, neighbouring farm to Ventersrust and Lekkerlewen. Land exchanged between JJ vd B and S J P Erasmus with regard to “London” (see below) to facilitate efficiencies, with a portion of "London" belonging to the estate and later needing consolidation with Ventersrust and Lekkerlewen.

To-day, Kleinfontein No.210 district Ventersberg (MR2), now Nos. 134 and 210(sic), neighbouring farm to Ventersrust and Lekkerlewen. Land exchanged between JJ vd B and S J P Erasmus (cadastral lines 36(6) London, 61 New York, 3 Paris, 136 unnamed) to facilitate efficiencies. These portions of the farms belonging to the estate later needed formal consolidation with Ventersrust and Lekkerlewen.

Owned by Gerhardus Cornelius Oosthuysen "Nooitgedacht in district Winburg"

Nooitgedacht No.2 in district Winburg (MR2), owned by Gerhardus Cornelius Oosthuysen, northerly neighbour of Taaibosch, is now broken into No. 2 and No. 1483.

Owned jointly by Johannes Albertus Kotzee and Johanna Aletta Erasmus
   * Afgunspan (1891) district Winburg
   * Bultpan (1901) No. 336 district Hoopstad (1200 morgen)

To-day, Bultpan No.336 district Wesselbron (MR3) and very much smaller in comparison to MR1.

Johannes Albertus Kotzee living here when declared insolvent in 1911/12
   * Vrijheid : P O Klippan district Hopetown

To-day, Vrijheid No.199 district Hopetown (MR3). Klippan No.410 district Hopetown, north of Doornbult and westerly subdivision of Doornplaat No.30. The post-office (post-restante) was open between 1904 and 1922 (MR1)(MR3).

Map references used in research at the offices of the Surveyors-General, Cape Town and Bloemfontein:
MR1 Hopetown, Boshoff, Winburg, Military Field Intelligence Dept, Cape Town 1900
MR2 No.2226 Winburg : Pretoria 1959
MR3 No.2726 Kroonstad : Pretoria 1966
MR4 No.2826 Winburg : Pretoria 1986
NOTES ON THE EXTENDED KOTZEE (KOTZÉ) FAMILY and the SOUTH AFRICAN ANGLO-BOER WAR - 1899-1902

Winburg was occupied by the British on 3 May 1900.

Names appearing in cemeteries dating from the Second Anglo-Boer War

The following names appear in the Old Cemetery, Winburg, as having died during the Second Anglo-Boer War

Kotzé, MM (f) 15
Gertuida Susanna Kotzee (b 2 May 1893 bur. 8 August 1901)

The following names appear in the War Cemetery, Winburg, as having died during the Second Anglo-Boer War

Kotzé, EFM (f) 33
Kotzé, ACJ (f) 6
Kotzé, GDP (m) 3
Kotzé, H (f) 3 mths
Kotzé, JA (f) 10
Kotzé, MM (f) 2
Kotzé, MS (f) 11
Kotzé, NJ (m) 4
Kotzé, PA (m) 2
Kotzé, PJ (m) 4
Kotzé, REM (f) 11
Kotzé, ? (m) 2

At Brandfort, the following Kotzés were buried:

Salomina Maria Kotzé 2yrs 7mths of Holpan, Hoopstad
AS Kotze (with 3 others)
NJ Kotzé (with 2 others)
SJ Kotzé (with 2 others) K1673
MMJC Kotzé (with 2 others)
JA Kotzé K1669
WA Kotzé
MMA Kotzé (with 2 others)
MCF Kotzé
A Kotzé
Abraham L Kotze

Internees in the Winburg Concentration Camp (SRC 90)

Many of these people were in family groups

From the farm “Koppiesfontein”
Kotzé Marie Mag
Kotze Gerhardus D F
Kotze Nicolaas J

From the farm “Rietgat”
Kotze Alettha (sic) Sophie Sus

From the farm “Vaalbank”
Kotze H J
From the farm “Welverdind”
Kotze Engela G
Kotze Cathn Sus
Kotze Sus Maria
Kotze Anna Cor. Jacomina
Kotze (Rennie) Emerentia Frederika Maria
Kotze Ignatius Antonie

**Internees in the Brandfort Concentration Camp (SRC 76)**

Many of these people were in family groups

From the farm “Del(o)denplaats”, Hoopstad
Kotze Johannes Gerhardus
Kotze Sarel Francois

From the farm “Geloofplaats”, Hoopstad
Kotze F…. Andries
Kotze Elsie Adriana

From the farm “Holpan”, Hoopstad
Kotze Salomina Maria
Kotze Sarel Johannes
Kotze Daniel Rudolph
Kotze Gerhardus Petrus

From the farm “Kareeboomfontein” (SRC 76 pg.225 : see below)
Kotzee Pieter Jacobus

From the farm “Kotzesvlei”, Winburg
Kotze Elizabeth Maria Margaretha
Kotze Maria Magdalina Cathrina
Kotze Lucea Susannah
Kotze Maria Christina Francena
Kotze Johannes Burgers Jacobus
Kotze (Dirk) Johannes Jacobus
Kotzee Nikolaas Jacobus
Kotzee Christian Burgers
Kotzee Willem Petrus
Kotzee Dirk Jacobus Johannes

From the farm “Plessesrust”, Hoopstad
Kotze Maria Magdalina Elizabeth

From the farm “Rietvlei”
Kotze Willem Johannes Gideon

**THE WINBURG KOTZEE’S and the BRANDFORT CAMP FOR WOMEN**

The following Kotzee family members were interned together in the Brandfort Camp for Women on 7 October 1901 (Brandfort Camp SRC 76 p.225)

Pieter Jacobus Kotzee (? b 1833/4 or 27 March 1837 HSRC) 67 (64) yrs of “Kareeboomfontein” of Smaldeel (1350 morgen) in the Winburg district ; Jacobus Gideon (? b 1874) 26yrs; Maria Magdalina (actually Johanna Magdalena) (? b 1875) 25yrs; Emma Jeanette (? b 1877) 23yrs [later proven to be siblings of Johannes Albertus Kotzee]

The following offspring of Johannes Albertus and Johanna Aletta Kotzee : Pieter Jacobus (12yrs) ; Salomon Jacobus (5yrs); Sarah Johanna [1678]; Johanna Aletta [1669]

On 9 June 1902 (unnamed) were permitted to travel to Brandfort where father and son was. Given permission to live in town and draw rations.
On 8 December 1902, Johannes Albertus Kotzee received and signed for bonded rations to the value of £55. These were made up of mealie meal, mealies, flour, sugar, coffee and candles. Therewith, he was permitted to retire to the farm, Taaibosch in the Winburg district.

"ORC Claims for Compensation" cjc vol 713 ref 796 The documents pertain to a claim J A Kotzee lodged on behalf of his father, P J Kotzee (of the farm Kareeboomfontein in the district of Winburg) for losses incurred and/or damages suffered when the British Columns invaded the farm of P J Kotzee e.g. house destroyed, loads of wood taken, horses and cattle killed (or taken). There are detailed statements and inventories on what his father claimed.
ERASMUS FAMILY

Erasmus means “the much beloved” and stems from the name of a 15th century saint, Erasmus of Rotterdam.

1. Pieter Erasmus m Maria Elisabeth Jooste, 1697

Pieter Erasmus arrived in the Cape from the Netherlands in 1691. He lived on the farm “Groenkloof”, Drakenstein, Paarl.

1.1 Rasmus Erasmus bapt 21 September 1698
1.2 Maria Hanna Erasmus bapt 25 October 1699
1.3 Lourens Erasmus bapt 22 June 1704 m Martha Pienaar 9 December 1731
1.4 – 1.6 various

1.3.1 Lourens Erasmus (mother Catharina Hoffman van die Kaap) bapt Paarl 21 August 1729 m Abigail Geertruy Pienaar, 28 June 1750

1.3.1.1 Abel Erasmus bapt Tulbagh 1 April 1753 m Carolina Elizabeth Crause
1.3.1.2 Salomon Erasmus bapt 16 June 1754 m Anna Barbara Laas, Tulbagh 11 May 1783
1.3.1.3 Catherina Erasmus bapt 17 June 1759
1.3.1.4 Petrus Rasmus Erasmus bapt 28 February 1762 (1763) m Anna Maria Klopeper, Tulbagh 9 November 1785
1.3.1.5 Elizabeth Johanna Erasmus bapt 21 April 1764 m Joachimus Johannes Prinsloo, 11 November 1791
1.3.1.6 Barend Erasmus bapt 9 March 1766 m Catharina Hatting 6 May 1792
1.3.1.7 Margaretha Maria b 14 February 1769 m Jan Daniel Botma 6 April 1768
1.3.1.8 Jacobus Erasmus bapt 30 June 1770
1.3.1.9 Rasmus Daniel Erasmus bapt 15 August 1779 d 1830 m Sophia Maria de Kock, 4 November 1802
1.3.1.10 Christina Louisa Erasmus bapt 6 October 1781
1.3.1.11 Anna Susanna Erasmus bapt 25 December 1784
1.3.1.12 Elizabeth Catharina Erasmus bapt 11 February 1784
1.3.1.13 Johanna Aletta Erasmus bapt 5 April 1789
1.3.1.14 Barend Jacobus Erasmus 23 April 1791

1.3.1.1 Abel Erasmus bapt Tulbagh 1 April 1753 m Carolina Elizabeth Crause (daughter of Hermanus Lucas Crause and Anna Stoltz), 16 May 1784
1.3.1.1.1 - 1.3.1.1.3.13 various offspring
1.3.1.1.3 Abel Hermanus Christiaan Erasmus bpt. 19 November 1786 Graaff-Reinet m 24 April 1810 (8 April 1810)

1.3.1.1.3 Abel Hermanus Christiaan Erasmus bpt. 19 November 1786 Graaff-Reinet m Cornelia Elizabeth Bezuidenhout 24 April 1810 (8 April 1810)
1.3.1.1.3.1 - 1.2.1.1.3.9 various offspring
1.3.1.1.3.8 Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus b 24 November 1825 d1 February 1901 (first) m 2 April 1849 Hester Magdalena Combrink (b.....d.....)
1.3.1.1.3.8 Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus b 24 November 1825 d1 February 1901 (second) m Hester Susanna Oosthużyhuizen (b...d....)

1.3.1.1.3.8 Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus b 24 November 1825 d1 February 1901 (first) m 2 April 1849 Hester Magdalena Combrink (b...d....)
1.3.1.1.3.8.1 Susara Salomina Erasmus b 27 March 1850 d 9 July 1893 m Pieter Johannes Vermaak. 11 off-spring. Steytlerville.
1.3.1.1.3.8.2 Cornelia Elizabeth Erasmus b 24 August 1851 m Benjamin Rudman (Redman)
1.3.1.1.3.8.3 Abel Hermanus Christiaan Erasmus b 5 November 1853
1.3.1.1.3.8.4 Johannes Martinus Andri/e)as (Andries) Erasmus b 29 December 1862 d Batte of Paardeberg 19 February 1900 E381 m Catharina Elizabeth Oosthużyhuizen (Oosthuysen). 4 off-spring : Salomon Jacobus Petrus b 25 February 1892 bapt 10 April 1892; Johannes Hermanus b 9 April 1894 bapt 9 April 1894; Anna Elizabeth 26 September 1896; Hester Magdal(e/i)na 8 October 1899
1.3.1.1.3.8.5 Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus b 25 February 1892. 6 off-spring : Catharina Susanna, Salomon Jacobus Petrus, Marthinus Johannes, Hester Susanna Johanna, Johanna Aletta Magdalena, Abel Hermanus Christiaan

1.3.1.1.3.8 Salomon Jacobus Petrus Erasmus b 24 November 1825 d 1 February 1901 E 771(second) m Hester Susanna Oosthużyhuizen (b...d....) E 848.

1.3.1.1.3.8.6 Johanna Aletta Erasmus b October 1868 d 6 May 1900 m Johannes Albertus Kotzee. 7 off-spring : Petrus Jacobus; Hester Susanna; Salomon Jacobus; Sarah Johanna; Johanna Aletta; Johannes Albertus; Gert Cornelis
1.3.1.1.3.8.7 Gerard Cornelis Erasmus "Oom Gert"
1.3.1.1.3.8.8 Lourens Daniel Erasmus "Oom Daan"
1.3.1.1.3.8.9 Johannes Hermanus Erasmus (Theology student)
1.3.1.1.3.8.10 Hester Susanna Petronella Erasmus b "Allermanskraal” district Winburg September 1882 d 16 March 1901 unmarried E848
1.3.1.1.3.8.11 Hester Magdalena (Magdaline) Erasmus m Jacobus Nicholaas Potgieter

1.3.1.1.3.8.6 Johanna Aletta Erasmus b Uitenhage October 1868 d 6 May 1900 E 379 m Johannes Albertus Kotzee. 7 off-spring
1.2.4.10.6.2.1 Petrus Jacobus Kotzee (Kotzé) b 3 August 1892 bapt 2 October 1892 d 3 January 1988
1.2.4.10.6.2.2 Hester Susanna Kotzee b 27 November 1893 ~ 17 December 1893 d 6 August 1980
1.2.4.10.6.2.3 Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé (signatures "Kotzé") b 20 April 1895 d 17 July 1947
1.2.4.10.6.2.4 Sarah Johanna Kotzee b 1896 d 14 December 1901 K1670
1.2.4.10.6.2.5 Johanna Aletta Kotzee b June 1899 d 25 December 1901 K1669
1.2.4.10.6.2.6 Johannes Albertus Kotzé b April 1900 d 17 November 1900 (registered 5 May 1916) K1855
1.2.4.10.6.2.7 Gert Cornelis Kotzé b April 1900 d 16 October 1900 (registered 5 May 1916) K1856
1.3.1.1.3.8.6.2.1 Petrus Jacobus Kotzee (Kotzé) b 3 August 1892 bapt 2 October 1892 d 3 January 1988 m Hester Agnessa Pienaar (b 23 October 1893 d 23 July 1986). 3 offspring: Johannes Albertus Kotzé, Petrus Johannes Kotzé, Salomon Pienaar Kotzé

1.3.1.1.3.8.6.2.2 Hester Susanna Kotzee b 27 November 1893 d 6 August 1980

1.3.1.1.3.8.6.2.3 Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzee (Kotzé) b 20 April 1895 d 17 July 1947 m Stella Hermina Serrurier (b 15 March 1893 d 27 May 1984). 2 offspring : Yvonne Serrurier Kotzé, Victor Serrurier Kotzé.

Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzee (Kotzé)

1.3.1.1.3.8.6.2.3.2 Victor Serrurier Kotzé, (b 25 January 1926 d 8 November 1991 CA Prostate), 24 September 1949 m Jenneke Marié Marais (b 15 January 1924 d 3 April 1996)

1.3.1.1.3.8.6.2.3.3 Denise Kotzé, b 9 April 1951 (first) m Warwick Llewellyn Evans (b 21 October 1950) 1 March 1975. No offspring.

1.3.1.1.3.8.6.2.3.3.1 Denise Kotzé, b 9 April 1951 (second) m Robin Morgan Pelteret (b 13 October 1948) 3 May 1980
Marc Arthur Pelteret b 9 April 1983
Jean-Paul Victor Pelteret b 5 October 1984
Eugene Robin Pelteret b 27 April 1987

1.3.1.1.3.8.6.2.3.3.2 Gavin Salmon Kotzé, b 19 April 1952 m Hendrina Johanna Badenhorst (b 2 September 1952), 3 September 1972
Vanessa b 17 September 1980
Jonathan Serrurier b 1 February 1983
Richard Gavin b 14 September 1988

1.3.1.1.3.8.6.2.3.3.3 Margaret Kotzé, b 12 July 1954 m Andrew Nowak (b 25 April 1952), 5 December 1980
Sean Andrew b 6 January 1987

1.3.1.1.3.8.6.2.3.3.4 Valerie Kotzé, b 5 July 1956 m Alan Ernest Mogg (4 November 1957), 19 July 1986
Céanne Jennica b 8 July 1989
Grant Gregory b 31 January 1992
MARAIS FAMILY

Marais is French in origin means a marsh, bog, swamp or small garden. There are numerous villages in France with the name.

1. Charles Marais m Catherine Taboureux, le Plessis-Marle, Hurepoix.
   1.1 Claude b 1662 d 1740
   1.2 Charles b 1668 d <17 May 1711
   1.3 Izaak b 1677
   1.4 Marie-Madeleine b 1682 d 7 July 1716

Charles Marais from Lesierre du Plessis near Marle, and later Plessismonaray near Longvilliers, a district of Paris, fled to the Netherlands where, on the 14 September 1687 in the Waalse Kerk, Den Haag, he renounced the Roman Catholic Church. He and his wife left Delfshaven on 31 December 1687 aboard the Voorschoten. Arrived in Saldahna Bay on 13 April 1688, embarking on the Jupiter for the trip Cape Town. He was stoned to death of 3 April 1689 on his farm Le Plessis Marle by a Hottentot, Edessah, following an argument centred around a green watermelon. He married Catherine Taboureux (d 1729) in France. In 1690, she married Daniël des Ruelles (d 3 December 1726) of Picardie, France

1.1 Claude Marais b 1663 d 1740 (first) m 1690 Marie Avice (b 1669 d 1697/1700) of Chateaudun, Orleanais in France
1.1 Claude Marais b 1663 d 1740 (second) m 13 October 1721 Suzanne Gardiolle, of La Cost, Provence (b 1668 d 1729)

Claude Marais owned Meerlust, Lekkerwyn, Le Plessis Marle in Drakenstein; Wel van Pas in Wagenmakersvallei, and Kykuit in Daljosafat.

1.2 Charles Marais b 1668 d <17 May 1711 m 1692 Anne des Ruelles (b 10 October 1673 d 1738) Guines, Calais

Charles Marais farmed Le Plessis Marle in Drakenstein and De Fortuin bought from Willem Adrian van der Stel and bordering on Wel van Pas in Wagenmakersvallei.

1.3 Izaak Marais b 1677
1.4 Marie-Madeleine Marais b 1682 d 7 July 1716 m 170 Estienne Niel (b 1668 d 1738) of Dauphine, France; and owner/farmer of La Dauphine, Franschhoek.

1.1.1 Anne Marais ~ 1693 d 1701
1.1.2 Charles Marais b c. 1693 d 1742/1765 m 1720 Maria Roussouw b 1693 (do. Pierre Rousseau and Anne Retief)

Charles Marais in 1730 was a corporal in the local militia. Through marrying Maria Roussouw he became the owner of Rust en Werk in Daljosafat, originally owned by Roussouw’s first husband, Lodewyk Pretorius.

1.1.3 Catherine Marais b 1696 d 1708
1.1.4 Daniël Marais ~ 8 June 1698 d < May 1768 m 25 February 1720 Aletta Roussouw b c. 1709 (do. Pierre Rousseau and Anne Retief)

Daniël Marais farmed Honswyk in North Paarl between 1720 and 1731

1.1.5 Jean Marais ~ 7 March 1700 d 7 February 1744. Unmarried.
1.1.6 Hester Marais ~ 1701 X 1722 Jacques Jacobus Cordier (~ 23 October 1689 so. Louis Cordier and François Martinet)
1.1.7 Anna Marais b c. 1702 d 11 January 1765 (first) m 1723 Gabriël Roussouw (~ 14 August 1701 d 2 January 1727 so. Pierre Rousseau and Anne Retief)

Gabriël Roussouw farmed Drieversvallei near the Bergrivier.

1.1.7 Anna Marais b c. 1702 d 11 January 1765 (second) m 5 December 1728 Jan Cellier (b c. 1702 d 1756 so. Josue Cellier and Elisabeth Couvret)

Jan Cellier farmed De Kykuit, Daljosafat from 1744 to 1756

1.1.8 Estienne Marais ~ 9 December 1703 d 1712

1.1.9 Deborah Marais ~ 4 October 1705 d 1750/1756 m 17 February 1726 Stephanus du Toit (b c. 1703 d 10 November 1769 so. François du Toit and Susanne Seugnet).

Stephanus du Toit was disabled; but farmed Soetendal and Lemietrivier in Wagenmakersvallei.

1.1.10 Maria Marais b c. 1695 (first) m 11 April 1734 Johan Melchior Frick (d 1741)

1.1.10 Maria Marais b c. 1695 (second) m 23 May 1745 Jan Christiaan Snyder (Johann Christian Schneider) (d < May 1768)

1.1.11 Jacques Jacobus Marais b 12 July 1709 ~ 22 September 1709 d 6 June 1751 m 28 February 1740 Hester Relief (b 1 February 1719 ~ 2 February 1719 d 15 April 1805 do. François Retief and Maria Mouy)

Jacques Jacobus Marais farmed De Fortuin, Wagenmakersvallei from 1742

1.1.12 Izak Marais b 15 April 1711 ~ 17 May 1711 d 1768 m 18 March 1752(3) Maria Magdalena de Menetrie (b 1737 ~ 1 September 1737 d 19 April 1809 do. Jan Ary de Menetrie and Barbara van der Linde)

Izak Marais farmed De Hoop, Daljosafat, which he obtained from his father.

1.1.12.1 Anna Maria Marais ~ 16 February 1755 m 11 November 1770 Jacob Naude (~ 26 September 1745 so. Jacob Naude and Anna Susanna du Toit. He later married one Martha Retief)

1.1.12.2 Izak Marais ~ 13 February 1757 (first) m 25 August 1782 Anna du Toit (~ 27 April 1745 wo. Pieter Barend Botha do. François du Toit and Petronella van der Merwe). No offspring.

1.1.12.2 Izak Marais ~ 13 February 1757 (second) m 27 November 1794 Catharina Maria Steyn (~ 20 December 1778 wo. Petrus Johannes van der Walt do. Douw Gerbrand Steyn and Catharina Maria Potgieter)

1.1.12.2 Izak Marais ~ 13 February 1757 (third) m 18 August 1799 Machteld Grobbelaar (wo. Hermanus Steyn do. Nicolaas Grobbelaar and Johanna Hendrina Combrink)

1.1.12.3 Charles Marais ~ 18 February 1759 m 3 May 1778 Susanna Francina Celliers (~ 30 July 1752 do Abraham Celliers and Anna Roussouw)

1.1.12.4 Hester Marais ~ 1 March 1759 m 10 September 1780 Johannes Hendrik van Ellewee (~ 25 June 1758 so. Hendrik Rudolf van Ellewee and Elizabeth Catharina Esterhuyzen (later to marry Maria Elizabeth Broodryk on 7 May 1786)

1.1.12.5 Johannes Marais ~ 3 April 1763 d 20 May 1834 (first) m 10 January 1790 Elizabeth de Villiers (~ 7 May 1758 wo. Johannes de Villiers do. Abraham de Villiers and Johanna Lombard
1.1.12.5 Johannes Marais ~ 3 April 1763 d 20 May 1834 (second) m 4 October 1823 Anna Catharina de Vos
1.1.12.6 Stephanus Marais ~ 24 February 1765 m Anna Francina van Eeden (~ 1 October 1768 do. Joseph van Eeden and Anna Francina Booysen)

THE IZAK MARAIS - CATHARINA MARIA STEYN LINE

1.1.12.2 Izak Marais ~ 13 February 1757 (second) m 27 November 1794 Catharina Maria Steyn

1.1.12.2.1 Catharine Maria Magdalena Marais b 24 November 1795 ~ 20 March 1796 d 28 July 1865 m 11 September 1814 Willem Jacobus Pretorius (b 25 April 1796 ~ 2 October 1796 d 16 July 1868)
1.1.12.2.2 Izaac (Izak) Stephanus Marais b 24 August 1797 ~ 19 November 1797 m 2 September 1821 Anna Sophia Olivier (b Cape Town 14 June 1790 d 25 September 1870 : do. Cornelis Hermanus Olivier and Augustina Elizabeth van Wyk)
1.1.12.2.2.1. Maria Margaretha Catharina Marais b 10 June 1822 ~ 25 July 1822 m Frederish Johannes van Zyl
1.1.12.2.2.2 Izaac (Izaak) Stephanus Jacobus Marais b 15 November 1823 ~ 1 December 1823 d 8 August 1866 m 1 December 1845 Maria Margaretha Welman (b 31 October 1828)
1.1.12.2.2.2.1 Sarah Jacoba Marais m Jacob van der Berg
1.1.12.2.2.2.2 Isaac Stephanus Jacobus Marais
1.1.12.2.2.2.3 Johan Christiaan Marais
1.1.12.2.2.2.4 Cornelis Hermanus Marais
1.1.12.2.2.2.5 Maria Margaretha Marais
1.1.12.2.2.2.6 Jacoba Johanna Marais
1.1.12.2.2.2.7 Hendrikus Jacobus Marais

1.1.12.2.2.3 Cornelis Hermanus Olivier Marais b 7 May 1825 ~ 5 June 1825 d 7 December 1911 m Anna Jacoba Sophia Greeff (B 7 November 1835)
1.1.12.2.2.4 Johan Andries Marais b 11 March 1825 ~ 16 March 1827
1.1.12.2.2.5 Johannes Jurgen Marais b 17 August 1828 ~ 7 September 1828
1.1.12.2.2.6 Agatha Elisabeth Marais b 4 April 1830 ~ 4 April 1830
1.1.12.2.2.7 Sophia Christina Henrietta Marais b 29 April 1831 ~ 4 June 1831

1.1.12.2.2.3 Cornelis Hermanus Olivier Marais b 7 May 1825 ~ 5 June 1825 m Anna Jacoba Sophia Greeff
1.1.12.2.2.3.1 Cornelius Hermanus Olivier Marais b 26 April 1862 d 26 December 1914 m 5 June 1887 Susan Maria Elizabeth Albertyn

CHO Marais was appointed as first resident editor of the Onze Courant of Graaff-Reinet in 1894. Known for not always choosing his words carefully, he was active in the Afrikaner Bond at the outbreak of the Anglo-Boer War, and labelled one of the town “undesirables” for his support of the then Boer Republics and “sent” to Port Alfred. He was living in Humansdorp whence he was admitted to Provincial Hospital prior to his death in 1914.

1.1.12.2.2.3.2 Hendrick Jacobus Marais b 2 August 1864 m 26 December 1898 van der Merwe
1.1.12.2.2.3.3 Maria Magdalena Margaretha Marais b 20 May 1866 d 1901 m Stephanus van der Merwe
1.1.12.2.2.3.4 Matthys Johannes Marais b 17 February 1868 d 1928 m Elizabeth Parrot
1.1.12.2.2.3.5 Anna Sophia Jacoba Marais b 24 May 1871 d 20 November 1928 m Hendrik Jacobus Maree
1.1.12.2.2.3.6 Izaak Stephanus Jacobus Marais b 14 April 1874 m 7 August 1904 Cecilia Johanna Hartzenberg
1.1.12.2.2.3.7 Sarah Jacoba Marais b 18 January 1877. Unmarried
1.1.12.2.2.3.8 Pieter Andries Christiaan Marais b 14 March 1880 m 7 August 1911 Rachel Margaretha Grobler (b 15 June 1883)

1.1.12.2.2.3.1 Cornelius Hermanus Olivier Marais b 26 April 1862 d 26 December 1914 m Susan Maria Elizabeth Albertyn

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.1 Cornelius Hermanus Marais</th>
<th>b 5 April 1888 Graaff-Reinet d 7 August 1969 (first) m 15 August 1919 Jenneke Neeltje Maria van Mameren (b 2 March 1894 Amsterdam d 28 September 1928)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.1.1 Cornelius Hermanus Marais</td>
<td>b 5 April 1888 Graaff-Reinet d 7 August 1969 (second) m Hildegaard Pauline Jane Oertel (30 March 1900 d 9 September 1984). No offspring.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.2 Mary Mundey Marais b 21 August 1892</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.3 Josia Albertyn Marais b 19 March 1896 m Susanna Christina Johanna Killian, 21 June 1921</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.3.1 Herman Albertyn Marais b 18 May 1922 d 13 September 1925</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.3.2 James Allan Marais b 22 August 1923</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.3.3 Faith Daphne Marais b 8 January 1925</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.3.4 Josias Christian Marais b 4 February 1929</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.4 Anna Jacoba Sophia Marais b 4 February 1900 m Wessel Hendrik Devenish, 8 July 1930</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.4.1 Izak</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.12.2.2.3.1.4.2 Peter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

John Mears Devenish arrived in the Cape Colony from Ireland in 1808, a soldier of the Worcestershire Regiment. Source: "Historical & Genealogical Record of the Devenish Family of England & Ireland".

Dr C H Marais and J N M van Mameren were married in Holland. She was the daughter of a university professor and hailed from Amsterdam. On returning to South Africa in October 1919, Marais bought a practice in Murraysburg. Their first born was a son, six months old when he died suddenly whilst his father was "on district". The couple left Murraysburg and went to Koffyfontein. Confinements were extremely difficult for her. She gave birth to a further two children, is thought to have suffered puerperal depression; and committed suicide by drinking poison and jumping into the local river. He brought his mother, Ouma Marais/Albertyn from Humansdorp to care for the children. Depressed, he turned to alcohol; sustained a severe motorcar accident and was admitted to Kimberley Hospital. Here, on a Christmas Day, he met Hildegaard Pauline Jane Oertel, which earned for her the nick-name “Noël” in the process. During the 1939-1945 war, the family moved to Robert’s Heights, Pretoria, and remained there. Ouma Marais/Albertyn died in Krugersdorp.
The passport photographs of
Cornelius Hermanus and Jenneke Neeltje Maria Marais neé van Mameren

Passport issued to Mr & Mrs Cornelius Hermanus Marais, British born colonial subject, by the Acting British Consul, Rotterdam on 3 October 1919; and the couple passed in transit through London on 12 October 1919.
Jenneke = Johannes
Neeltje = Cornelis

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.1 infant b..... d..... buried Murraysburg, EP

In an attempt to find the details of this child, the Baptismal Registers of the Graaff-Reinet and Murraysburg DR Communities have been scrutinised thoroughly between 1919 – 1923, without success.

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.2 Jenneke Marié Marais b 15 January 1924 d 3 April 1996 m Victor Serrurier Kotzé, (b 25 January 1926 8 November 1991 (CA Prostate), 24 September 1949
1.1.12.2.3.1.1.3 Cornelis Adrian Marais b 22 May 1927 d 16 August 1982 m Johanna Elsabé Claassens (b 24 May 1929), 18 March 1953

Jenneke Marié and Cornelis Adrian Marais
Cornelis Adrian Marais, 
grandmother Susan Maria Elizabeth Marais neé Albertyn 
and Jenneke Marié Marais

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.2 Jenneke Marié Marais b 15 January 1924 d 3 April 1996 m Victor Serrurier Kotzé, (b 25 January 1926 d 8 November 1991 CA Prostate), 24 September 1949
1.1.12.2.3.1.1.2.1 Denise Kotzé, b 9 April 1951 (first) m Warwick Llewellyn Evans (b 21 October 1950) 1 March 1975. No offspring.

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.2.2 Denise Kotzé, b 9 April 1951 (second) m Robin Morgan Pelteret (b 13 October 1948) 3 May 1980

Marc Arthur Pelteret b 9 April 1983
Jean-Paul Victor Pelteret b 5 October 1984
Eugene Robin Pelteret b 27 April 1987

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.2.2.1 Gavin Salmon Kotzé, b 19 April 1952 m Hendrina Johanna Badenhorst (b 2 September 1952), 3 September 1972
Vanessa b 17 September 1980
Jonathan Serrurier b 1 February 1983
Richard Gavin b 14 September 1988

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.2.2.3 Margaret Kotzé, b 12 July 1954 m Andrew Nowak (b 25 April 1952), 5 December 1980
Sean Andrew b 6 January 1987

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.2.2.4 Valerie Kotzé, b 5 July 1956 m Alan Ernest Mogg (4 November 1957), 19 July 1986
Céanne Jennica b 8 July 1989
Grant Gregory b 31 January 1992
1.1.12.2.3.1.1.3 Cornelis Adrian Marais b 22 May 1927 d 16 August 1982 m Johanna Elsabé Claassens (b 24 May 1929), 18 March 1953

Father and son: Drs. Cornelius Hermanus and Cornelis Adrian Marais

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.3.1 Adrian David Marais b 22 February 1954 m 23 January 1989 Gillian Tracy Michele Riordan (b 2 November 1959)  
Richard Cornelis 25 September 1992  
Adrienne Frances 13 December 1994

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.3.2 Dennis Neill Marais 11 February 1956 m Pauline Swart (b 10 September 1955), 27 January 1996

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.3.3 Leon Pierre Marais b 15 May 1957 d 17 July 1984 (leukaemia)

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.3.4 Carina Marais b 10 June 1958 m Johannes Dederick Smith (b 10 December 1954), 24 May 1990  
Michael Dean b 28 May 1991  
Adrian David 20 September 1992

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.3.5 Leslie Charles Marais b 28 June 1960 m Nichola........ (b 11 April 1962), 1 September 1997

1.1.12.2.3.1.1.3.6 Nicholas John Marais b 12 March 1962 m Audrey Catherine Koppel (b 18 July 1962), 8 February 1992  
Nicholas Thomas b 1 April 1994  
Susan Catherine 16 May 1996
THE IZAK MARAIS AND MACHTELD GROBBELAAR LINE

1.1.12.2 **Izak Marais** ~ 13 February 1757 (third) m 18 August 1799 Machteld Grobbelaar (wo. Hermanus Steyn do. Nicolaas Grobbelaar and Johanna Hendrina Combrink)

1.1.12.2.3 Charles Johannes Willem Pieter Marais b 29 June 1800
1.1.12.2.4 Coert Cornelis Marais ~ 25 May 1802
1.1.12.2.5 Willem Pieter Marais b 2 November 1803 ~ 3 November 1804 d 16 November 1878 m Hester Sophia Koekemoer
1.1.12.2.5.1 Isaac Stephanus Marais
1.1.12.2.5.2 Willem Pieter Marais
1.1.12.2.5.3 Godliep Roedolf Marais b 18 April 1831 ~ 5 February 1832
1.1.12.2.5.4 Elisabeth Catharina Marais b 26 May 1833 ~ 1 September 1833

1.1.12.2.6 Johannes Jacobus Marais ~ 26 December 1806 (first) m 5 August 1827 Cornelia Johanna Vosloo
1.1.12.2.6. Johannes Jacobus Marais ~ 26 December 1806 (second) m 16 August 1829 Catharina Christina Engela Beukes
1.1.12.2.6.1 Maria Dorothea Elisabeth Marais b 6 January 1831 ~ 4 April 1831
1.1.12.2.6.2 Magteld Cecelia Johanna Marais b 11 July 1832 ~ 8 October 1832
1.1.12.2.6.3 Magdalena Adriana Marais b 7 November 1835 ~ 31 May 1835

1.1.12.2.7 Machteld Geertruy Maria Marais ~ 27 December 1807
1.1.12.2.8 Machteld Geertruy Anna Maria Marais ~ 3 October 1808
1.1.12.2.9 Johannes Izaak Frederik Marais b 30 December 1809 ~ 4 February 1810 d 14 June 1897 (first) m Maria Magdalena du Plessis
1.1.12.2.9.1 Maria Magdalena Marais b 22 June 1840 ~ 9 August 1840 m Nicholaas Grobler

1.1.12.2.9 Johannes Izaak Frederik Marais b 30 December 1809 ~ 4 February 1810 d 14 June 1897 (second) m Elizabeth Margaretha Marais (b Graaff-Reinet c. 1826 d 20 June 1879 do. Stephanus François Marais and Rachel Margareth Grobbelaar)
1.1.12.2.9.1 Maria Magdalena Marais b 22 June 1840 ~ 9 August 1840 m Nicholaas Grobler
1.1.12.2.9.2 Izak Stephanus Marais b 10 December 1846
1.1.12.2.9.3 Rachel Margaretha Marais b 22 October 1848. Unmarried
1.1.12.2.9.4 Machteld Marais b 7 August 1850 m Andries Petrus Hough
1.1.12.2.9.5 Stephanus François Marais b 11 January 1852 d Steynsburg 30 December 1923
1.1.12.2.9.5.1 Johannes Izaak Frederick Marais
1.1.12.2.9.5.2 Stephanus François Marais
1.1.12.2.9.5.3 Petronella Johanna Jacoba Marais. Unmarried
1.1.12.2.9.6 Johannes Izaak Frederik Marais b Cradock 29 November 1853 d Smithfield 22 December 1924 (first) m Lucy Christina Lombard
1.1.12.2.9.6.1 Lucyca Christina Marais b 25 May 1883 m J Marais
1.1.12.2.9.6 Johannes Izak Frederik Marais b Cradock 29 November 1853
d Smithfield 22 December 1924 (second) m 25 February 1889 Anna
Johanna Maria Schoeman (b Somerset-East 2 February 1866)
1.1.12.2.9.6.1
1.1.12.2.9.6.2 Johannes Izak Frederik Marais b 12 August 1890 d 21
August 1977 (first) m 13 July 1914 Hester Maria Behrens
1.1.12.2.9.6.2 Johannes Izak Frederik Marais b 12 August 1890 d 21
August 1977 (second) m 31 March 1927 Maria Aletta Calitz (b 15
November 1900)
1.1.12.2.9.6.3 Aletta Elizabeth Marais b 5 May 1892 d 25 January 1972
1.1.12.2.9.6.4 Stephanus Cornelius Marais b 20 March 1894 d 26
January 1975 m 16 January 1923 Susanna Magdalena Nel
1.1.12.2.9.6.4.1 Martha Hester Marais b 14 December 1923
1.1.12.2.9.6.4.2 Johannes Izak Frederik Marais b 12 April 1926
1.1.12.2.9.6.5 Hendrina Jacoba Marais b 2 August 1900 d 12 June 1978
m 27 March 1928 Hendrik Wilhelmus Nel
1.1.12.2.9.6.6 Elizabeth Margaretha Marais b 6 June 1903 d 25 April
1979 m Nicolaas Christoffel Lotz Faure
1.1.12.2.9.7 Paul Johannes Marais b 13 August 1855 (first) m 10
January 1883 Martha Louisa Jordaan (b 20 November 1865)
1.1.12.2.9.7 Paul Johannes Marais b 13 August 1855 (second) m
Cornelia Johanna Vosloo
1.1.12.2.9.8 Sarel Jacobus Marais b 13 May 1858 d 14 June 1897

1.1.12.2.9.9.6 Johannes Izak Frederik Marais b Cradock 29 November 1853
d Smithfield 22 December 1924 (second) m 25 February 1889 Anna
Johanna Maria Schoeman (b Somerset-East 2 February 1866)
1.1.12.2.9.9.1
1.1.12.2.9.9.2 Johannes Izak Frederik Marais b 12 August 1890 d 21
August 1977 (first) m 13 July 1914 Hester Maria Behrens
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.1 Johannes Isaak Frederik Marais b 6 March 1916 m 1
October 1945 Alta Jacoba Olivier
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.1.1 Jan Marais b 15 May 1949 m 19 December 1975 Linda
Quass. Offspring : Lindsay b 25 May 1977; Johann b 3 January 1980
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.1.2 Pierre Marais b 25 December 1950 m 1 February 1975
Petro Jansen van Vuuren. Offspring : Rohan b 22 April 1979
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.2 Marthinus Casparus Behrens Marais b 8 March 1918 d 25
April 1969 m Christina Maria Grobler
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.2.1 Christina Maria Marais b 17 June 1945 (first) m
Johan Strauss
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.2.1 Christina Maria Marais b 17 June 1945 (second) m
Hendrik Nicolaas Kymbell
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.2.2 Hester Maria Marais b 4 March 1950 m J Billingham
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.2.3 Johannes Behrens Marais b 6 June 1953 m Susanna
Susara de Bruin. Offspring : Marthinus Behrens b 22 December 1978
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.2.4 Willem Hendrik Marais b 7 September 1956
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.3 Magdel Maria Marais b 3 October 1920 m 12 August 1950
Jan Hendrik van der Vyver
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.4 Coenrad Josephus Marais b 25 March 1937 m 13 February
1976 Gertruida Uys. Offspring: Johannes Izak Frederik b 14 December
1982
1.1.12.2.9.9.2.5 Maria Aletta Marais b 1 December 1939 m 29 June 1963
Petrus Marais van den Berg

36
1.1.12.2.9.7 Paul Johannes Marais b 13 August 1855 (first) m 10 January 1883 Martha Louisa Jordaan (b 20 November 1865)
1.1.12.2.9.7.1 Anna Maria Elizabeth Marais b 21 March 1884 m M D van Deventer
1.1.12.2.9.7.2 Elizabeth Magrietha Marais b 25 June 1885 m J P Theron
1.1.12.2.9.7.3 Johannes Isak Frederik Marais b m Adelaide 24 December 1918 Aletta Gesina Cornelia Ferreira
1.1.12.2.9.7.3.1 Paul Johannes Marais b 6 February 1919
1.1.12.2.9.7.3.2 Anna Maria Marais b 31 July 1920
1.1.12.2.9.7.3.3 Thomas Ignasius Marais b 17 June 1922
1.1.12.2.9.7.3.4 Johannes Isak Marais b 15 January 1925
1.1.12.2.9.7.3.5 Stephanus Marais b 17 April 1928
1.1.12.2.9.7.3.6 Willem Gabriël Marais b 12 October 1932
1.1.12.2.9.7.3.7 Johan Abraham Marais b 30 March 1934 d 25 July 1936
1.1.12.2.9.7.3.8 Jabes Marais b 23 November 1937

1.1.12.2.9.7.4 Willem Gabriël Jordaan Marais b 6 June 1888 m Bokburg Gesina .......

1.1.12.2.9.7 Paul Johannes Marais b 13 August 1855 (second) m Cornelia Johanna Vosloo
APPENDIX

1. ELEMENTS OF THE FAMILY DIRK JACOBUS KOTZÉ

This family constitutes another branch of the family Kotzee (Kotzé) that settled in the Hopetown and Winburg magisterial districts. The line has not been specifically researched; but elements are noted for the record.

1.2.2 Dirk Jacobus Kotzé, bapt. 31 October 1728 m Maria van Schalkwyk 28 October 1753

1.2.2.1-1.2.2.10 various offspring
1.2.2.1 Dirk Kotzé, b 20 September 1754 m Elisabeth Jacoba Smit, 18 April 1779

1.2.2.1.1-1.2.2.1.8 various offspring
1.2.2.1.6 Theunis Johannes Kotzee b 29 January 1791 d 2 April 1873 (first) m Maria (Mieta) Gloudina Louw (b 22 July 1792 d ca. 1862), 11 (7) January 1810
1.2.2.1.6.1-1.2.2.1.6.10 various offspring

1.2.2.1.6 Theunis Johannes Kotzee b 29 January 1791 d 2 April 1873 (first) m Maria (Mieta) Gloudina Louw (b 22 July 1792 d ca. 1862), 11 (7) January 1810
1.2.2.1.6.1 Dirk Jacobus 1811-1858 died in Zevenfontein, Bloemhof
1.2.2.1.6.2 Hermanus Egbert 1813-1885 Holloways Rust, Wolmarandsstad
1.2.2.1.6.3 Theunis Johannes 1816-
1.2.2.1.6.4 Hester Wilhelmina 1818-1898 Koppiesfontein, Ventersdorp
1.2.2.1.6.5 Willem Johannes 1820-1889 died Rietvlei, Hoopstad
1.2.2.1.6.6 Christoffel Stephanus 1825-ca.1870
1.2.2.1.6.7 Elisabeth Jacoba 1825-1898
1.2.2.1.6.8 Maria Gloudina 1829-1895 died Roodekop, Ventersdorp
1.2.2.1.6.9 Abraham Petrus Louw 1832-1901 died Potchefstroom
1.2.2.1.6.10 Martha Maria 1835-1900 died Kruisrivier, Zeerust

1.2.2.1.6 Theunis Johannes Kotzee b 29 January 1791 d 2 April 1873 (Waagkraal, Bamboesspruit) (second) m Jacomina (Salomina) Helena Vermaak, widower, (b 22 December 1814), 2 April 1863 Nicholas Jacobus Vermaak (step-son)

38
2. PETRUS JACOBUS & HESTER SUSANNA KOTZEE (KOTZÉ)
FAMILY LINES

1.2.4.1.10.6.2 Johannes Albertus Kotzee (signature “Kotzee”) b about 1860 d 1937 m Johanna Aletta Erasmus b November 1868 d 6 May 1900, of Buitpan No.336 district of Hopetown and erf.91, Winburg E379

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1 Petrus Jacobus Kotzee (Kotzé) b 3 August 1892 bapt 2 October 1892 d 3 January 1988 m Hester Agnessa Pienaar

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1 Johannes Albertus Kotzé b 26 March 1924 d 20 November 1990 m Magdalene Adriana Anderson, 19 October 1925
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.1 Alida Margeretha Kotzé b 13 July 1950 m Jacobus Johannes Janse van Rensburg (b 5 June 1949)
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.1.1 Petrus Jacobus van Rensburg b 4 September 1975
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.1.1.2 Delene van Rensburg b 9 August 1976 m Hennie Jacques van der Berg (b 25 February 1975)
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.1.1.3 Johannes Albertus van Rensburg b 10 March 1983

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.2 Petrus Jacobus Kotzé b 19 March 1952 m Christine Vorster (b 20 May 1955)
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.2.1 Lindie Kotzé 25 February 1985
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.2.2 Adrie Kotzé 28 September 1986
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.2.3 René Kotzé 30 September 1990

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.3 Pieter Aardt Kotzé b 12 August 1954 m Margeretha Ronél Olivier (b 31 January 1955)
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.3.1 Anli Kotzé 2 August 1979
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.3.2 Jolene Kotzé 21 December 1981
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.3.3 Johanne Albertus Kotzé 26 September 1984

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.4 Johannes Albertus Kotzé b 9 January 1958 m Susanna Margeretha Groenewald (b 12 January 1963)
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.4.1 Elraine Kotzé b 3 January 1986
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.1.4.2 Johannes Albertus Anderson Kotzé b 15 January 1989

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.2 Petrus Johannes Kotzé b 12 December 1926 m Matilda Agnes McLachlan (b 28 October 1930).
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3 Salamon Pienaar Kotzé b 1 January 1933 m Margaretha Johanna Greyling (b 11 February 1933)

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.1 Eunis Kotzé b 16 May 1960 unmarried

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.2 Hester Kotzé b 9 July 1962 m Nickolaas Geldenman (b 8 February 1960)
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.2.1 Marguerite Geldenman b 29 December 1987
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.2.2 Nicoleen Geldenman b 20 May 1990
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.2.3 Nicolaas Jacobus Geldenman b 5 June 1996

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.3 Nella-Marie b 29 December 1965 m At Wilhelm Venter (b 29 September 1964)
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.3.1 S.P Venter b 24 January 1995
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.1.3.3.2 Christine Venter b 16 April 1997

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2 Hester Susanna Kotzee b 27 November 1893 ~ Winburg 17 December 1893 d 6 August 1980 m Pieter Le Roux Malherbe (of “La Dauphine” Franschoek)

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2.1 Pieter le Roux Malherbe m 21 December 1946 Petronella Maria Smith (from Stellenbosch)
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2.1.1 Jacques le Roux Malherbe b 7 September 1979
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2.1.2 Willem Francois Malherbe b 3 February 1982
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2.1.3 Pieter Hanre Malherbe b 20 June 1984

1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2.2 Henriette Malherbe b 31 August 1926 m in Kroonstad on 6 April 1951 Johannes Nicolaas Malan (from Fort Beaufort)
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2.2.1 Daniël Francois Malan b 8 August 1952
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2.2.2 Pieter Jacques Malherbe b 9 February 1954
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2.2.3 Johannes Nicolaas Malan b 8 May 1956
1.2.4.1.10.6.2.2.2.4 Hester Maria Malan b 26 September 1966
3. OOSTHUÝZEN FAMILY

The family Oosthuysen is named after a village in northern Holland.

Johannes Oosthuynzen (Oosthuysen) m Johanna Maartens. 7 off-spring

arrived from Weert, Netherlands in 1691 and settled in Drakenstein, Paarl

NOTES on the line of Catharina Elizabeth Oosthuýzen (Oosthuysen):

1. Gerhardus Cornelis Oosthuynzen m Emmarentia Aletta Vogel
   1.1 Johannes Hermanus Oosthuynzen b April 1837 d Driefontein in
      district Winburg 11 February 1906
   1.1.1. Gerhardus Cornelis Oosthuynzen
      1.1.1.1. Catharina Elizabeth Oosthuynzen (Oosthuysen) m
         Johannes Martinus Andr(i/e)as (Andries) Erasmus b 29
         December 1862 d Battle of Paardeberg 19 February 1900.
         4 offspring: Salomon Jacobus Petrus b 25 February
         1892 bapt 10 April 1892; Johannes Hermanus b 9 April
         1894 bapt 9 April 1894; Anna Elizabeth 26 September
         1896; Hester Magdal(e/i)na 8 October 1899
   1.1.1.2. Emmarentia Aletta Oosthuynzen m Johannes Jacobus
         Landman
   1.1.2. Anna Elizabeth Oosthuynzen
4. van MAMEREN FAMILY

The van Mameren family is both very old and very extensive. The oldest van Mameren mentioned is Conrad von Mamer in 1166. The family name is written as von Mamer, de Mamer, van Mamere and van Mameren. In the 14th century, the family is found in Brabant, always related to functions of the Dukedom of Kleef/Cleves.

The family of van Mameren is very, very old, and originates in Luxembourg; and although the line is not straight from father to son, it goes back nearly a thousand years. There are two armorial crests and straight lineage goes back to approximately 1640.

The oldest family member in a direct line to Jenneke Neeltje Maria van Mameren is Aaldert Marcelis van Mameren who died before 1738. It can safely be stated that everybody born in the Betuwe, in places like Zoelen, Wadenoyen, Kapelle-Avezaath and others, are related.

5. OERTEL FAMILY

Örtel (Oertel) is an abbreviation of Ortolf, the point of a sword

6. CLAASSENS FAMILY

Claassens means “a son of Claas or Nicholas”

There are four founders of the family Claassen(s) in South Africa.

1. Claasz Claaszen a soldier from Delve, Dithmarschen in Germany who arrived in 1720. He farmed from 1722-1734; married Aletta Knoetzen on 22 May 1735; and died in 1767. 6 off-spring

2. Klaas Jacob Claasen a sailor from Eiderstedt, Sleeswyk in Germany, who arrived in 1762, married Helena Boonsaaier on 22 January 1771 and died in 1788. 3 off-spring

3. Hermanus Claasen from Copenhagen, Denmark who first married Jannetje van Wyk on 10 July 1768; and next Sara Maria Stricker on 15 January 1786. 11 off-spring

4. Cornelis Claasen, a servant of the VOC., who arrived from Utrecht circa 1657. He married Catharina from Malabar (or from Coromandel, India) on 15 March 1676. 6 off-spring

I favour descent of the family from the latter as many males from that line in the early 1800’s carry the names “Hermanus Johannes Hendrick”.

1. Hermanus Johannes Hendrick Claassens m Johanna Elizabeth Malan. 4 offspring

1.1 Jacob David Malan Claassens b 23 May 1888 d 3 December 1970 m Maria Johanna Bekker (third child of Stephanus Bekker and Rachel
Catherina Oosthuizen: b 24 July 1898 d 16 February 1952), 19 December 1917

1.1.1 Rachel Carina Claassens
1.1.2 Hermanus Johannes Claassens
1.1.3 Johanna Elsabé Claassens

1.2-1.4 various offspring

1.1.1 Rachel Carina Claassens b 8 July 1925 d 4 November 1950 m Andries Benjamin la Grange (b..d..), 19 December 1948
   1.1.1.1 Andries Benjamin Claassens b 17 July 1950

1.1.2 Hermanus Johannes Claassens b 9 July 1927 * 3 wives; 3 children by first wife

1.1.3 Johanna Elsabé Claassens b 24 May 1929 m Cornelis Adrian Marais (b 22 May 1927 d 16 August 1982), 18 March 1953
   1.1.3.1 Adrian David Marais b 22 February 1954 m Gillian Tracy Michele Riordan (b 2 November 1959), 23 January 1989
      Richard Cornelis 25 September 1992
      Adrienne Frances 13 December 1994
   1.1.3.2 Dennis Neill Marais 11 February 1956 m Pauline Swart (b 10 September 1955), 27 January 1996

1.1.3.3 Leon Pierre Marais b 15 May 1957 d 17 July 1984
      (leukaemia)

1.1.3.4 Carina Marais b 10 June 1958 m Johannes Derick Smith (b 10 December 1954), 24 May 1990
      Michael Dean b 28 May 1991
      Adrian David 20 September 1992

1.1.3.5 Leslie Charles Marais b 28 June 1960 m Nicola....... (b 11 April 1962), 1 September 1997

1.1.3.6 Nicholas John Marais b 12 March 1962 m Audrey Catherine Koppel (b 18 July 1962), 8 February 1992
      Nicholas Thomas b 1 April 1994
      Susan Catherine 16 May 1996

43
7. OBITUARY OF SALMON JACOBUS PETRUS KOTZÉE
(KOTZÉ)

“Die Winburger”, 1947

[Originally written in Afrikaans vernacular, this is a free translation]

Salmon Jacobus Petrus Kotzé was born in Winburg on 20 April 1895; then under the republican flag. It was a short-lived experience because in his fifth year the Anglo-Boer War broke out. On 3 May 1890, Winburg was occupied by the British; the first British flag was raised over the magistrates court, and, on that day, he buried his mother. That was only the beginning of his difficulties. He was sent to the Camp for Women, Brandfort, where he had to endure bitter hardship and where two of his younger sisters died. At the end of the war, he was to return to Winburg, and into the care of his wonderful grandmother, Hester Erasmus, mother of Gert and Daan Erasmus.

His school days began in the public school in Winburg under the principal Mr D Pyne Mercier. After completing standard 6, he went to Theunissen (formerly Smaldeel) public school where he matriculated and so ended his school days. As a school boy he blossomed into someone with a courteous and friendly manner to all, especially to the elderly.

He was to developed skills with his hands when, together with a friend, he began working in the mills in Winburg. The corn store at the grain merchant was not too unacceptable, for it was there that he was promoted to bookkeeper - and so he began to get administrative experience. He worked as a clerk to Piet van den Werken and later to the firm van Wyle. Frikkie Cronjé perceived talent in Sam, and it was under his patronage that he was to serve so loyally. On the death of benefactor Frikkie Cronjé, he was thus already comfortably prepared for the idea of opening a business. Though of minimal resources, the business grew from a “hobby” into a flourishing concern.

He was married to one of Winburg’s teachers, Miss Stella Serrurier. Out of this union two children were born. A son, Victor, whom he apprenticed as a legal clerk to Kannameyer Wardhaugh and Ashman in Bloemfontein and Yvonne married to a Johannesburg engineer, Mr Ferreira.

Mr Sam Kotzé was one of the most competent members of the Winburg community. He was a town counsellor for seven years. He was mayor from 1945 to 1947 and through his efficient leadership much good was achieved for the town. He was director of the Winburg Creamery, the Milling Company, and secretary to the Winburg Orphanage. As chairman of the Winburg Swimming Club and President of the Youth League, he achieve much good. He long served as deacon and business manager to the church. This he accomplished with credit.

All his life, he was a strong supporter of the United Party under the leadership of Generals Botha and Smuts and the permanent chairman of the Winburg branch of the party. He had a wide circle of friends and never mixed politics and business, always managing to retain a friendship despite differences of (political) opinion. During the rebellion, he was a dispatch rider for Generals Botha and Luckin and so it was also there that he did his duty to the best of his ability.
He developed a devotion for Jersey cattle and built up a good stud the which won him many prizes on open shows. More than once he took champion status away with him.

On the 17 July his life ended at the young age of 52 years. He was buried in great pomp and ceremony from the Moeder Kerk (Afri: “Mother Church”) by the Rev. J Rabie of Excelsior. Friends came from far and wide to show their last respects. At the graveside, the superintendent of the orphanage laid a couple of wreathes, tributes to his life of service.

As Secretary to the Winburg Club he gave years of loyal service. He also served on the Winburg Hospital Board. For the Winburg area, he was messenger of the court and deputy sheriff.

---

F R Cronjé and H F Serfontein of P.O.Box 63, Winburg, were Advocates and Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, Sworn Translators, Auctioneers, Government Appraisers and agents for S.A. Mutual Life Assurance Society and Fire Assurance Companies. Cronje handled the liquidation accounts of S J P Kotzé’s sisters who died in the Bradford Camp for Women; and furnished information to the Master of the High Court in Bloemfontein when the Erasmus Estate, payments relating to inheritance therefrom and J A Kotzee were in dispute.

---

8. SERRURIER & BERRANGÉ FAMILIES

this will be found as separate documents on this site

9. BIOGRAPHY OF VICTOR SERRURIER KOTZÉ

This constitutes a brief overview of a very full and worthwhile life, and in no sense should be construed as definitive.

Education ~ at Grey College, Bloemfontein. Matriculated 1943.


Legal Practice ~
- Articled clerk with Kannameyer Wardhaugh and Ashman in Bloemfontein until July 1944 and Van Hulsteyn, Feltham & Ford, Johannesburg in 1946.
- Qualified as Attorney 11 April 1950 appearing before Mr.Justice Horwitz of the Orange Free State Division of the Supreme Court of South Africa.
- Qualified as Notary Public 5 May 1955 appearing before Mr.Justice P J van Blerk of the Orange Free State Division of the Supreme Court of South Africa.
Qualified as Conveyancer 16 June 1964 appearing before Mr. Justice S Hofmeyr of the Orange Free State Division of the Supreme Court of South Africa.

He practiced in Winburg from 1950, first as Sam Kotzé & Co., later as Victor Kotze & Steyn and lastly as Victor Kotze and Smit until shortly before his death.

Farming was a hobby. He owned “Rhona” (1960’s-1990) and farmed “Hartplaas” and “Bosrand”; concentrating on dairy and beef cattle; and blesbok, a wild South African antelope.

He was committed to community service, holding inter alia the following positions within the Winburg community:
- Director of Midde-Vrystaatse Suiwelkoöperasie 1975-1990
- Committee member Winburg Orphanage 1954-1990; Chairman 1983-1990

BACKGROUND NOTES ON WINBURG ARCHIVAL MATERIAL

Before 1843 Winburg formed part of the Republic of Natalia (Port Natal, Pietermaritzburg, Potchefstroom, Winburg); and no documents of the landrost (“magistrate”) of Winburg prior to that date are known to exist, archival record sequences only existing in part from 1848 onwards.

The oldest baptismal, church membership and marriage registers of Winburg are dated 1842 and are housed in Bloemfontein with copies said to be in Cape Town and Pretoria.

In 1843, Natal was annexed to the Cape of Good Hope. In 1846, the Governor-in-Council of the Cape of Good Hope appointed a British Resident to look after “the interests” of the trekboers; and in February 1848, Sir Harry Smith annexed the entire region between the Orange and Vaal Rivers under the British Crown as the Orange River Sovereignty.

The Free State was recognised as independent, sovereign territory by the British in 1854 and it remained thus until annexed during the Second Anglo-Boer War as the Orange River Colony. All documents covering the period of British rule resided in the Cape Archives until 1927 when they were transferred to the Free State.

The Free State Archives Depot in Bloemfontein is a treasure awaiting discovery. Huge amounts of information lie buried there, with many of the archival groups either having no indices or accumulated in a haphazard manner with little attention having been given to process.

Though one may attempt to have material sourced by the staff, the only true solution to definitive research is to reside in the Bloemfontein area and apply patience, skill and time to the research.
Sir John Gilbert Kotze (~ 23 December 1849, Darling and named Johannes Gybertus Blankenberg Kotzé) was Judge President to Paul Kruger, President of the Zuid-Afrikaansche Republiek (Transvaal Republic) at the outbreak of the South African War 1899-1902. He, together with the rest of the High Court, was unceremoniously dismissed by Kruger following a dispute. He later sat as Judge President on the bench of the High Court of the Cape of Good Hope progressing to the Appeal Court still later. He married Mary Amelia Bell on 17 April 1872 in Holy Trinity Church, Clapham. He died in 1940. He was a cousin of Johannes Albertus Kotzee

An examination of “Die Doopsregistrasies van die Voortrekkers” VC 752, specifically those of Ds. Linley at Winburg, Ds. W A Krige at Fauresmith and Dss. A Murray & P K Albertyn in Fauresmith (between 1841-1851), revealed no reference to Erasmuses nor Kotzees of this line. The Annual Advertiser 1867 makes no reference to a Kotzee holding any position of note within the town at that time.

OERTEL BIBLIOGRAPHY :


SERRURIER BIBLIOGRAPHY :

2. Archives Year Book for South African History 1946:392
5. The Old Houses of the Cape. Fransen H, Cook M A 1965:9
7. Standard Encyclopaedia of Southern Africa 1973:9;588
12. National Archives, Cape Town, Pretoria ~ those listed in the text (and numerous others)
13. National Archives, Cape Town: Births, Marriages & Deaths Registers of the English Church 1806-1899
19. General Directory of South Africa (1894-1895 ed.)
20. The Cape Civil Service List (1888-1891 ed.)
21. Juta’s Directory of Cape Town (1906; 1909; 1930; 1936; 1946; 1976 eds.)
22. The Medical & Pharmacy Register of the Cape Colony (1899 ed.)
23. The Medical & Pharmacy Register for the Cape Province (1914 ed.)
26. Archives of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, Strand Street, Cape Town (1780-1907)
27. Archives of the Anglican Cathedral of St. George, Wale Street, Cape Town

WINBURG BIBLIOGRAPHY:

1) Die Onstaan en Groei van Winburg. L B v d Walt. 1928

Thursday, 25 December 2003